



PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - NORTHERN PROVINCE

SECOND TERM EXAMINATION - 2019



CIVIC EDUCATION

GRADE - 10

THREE HOURS

INDEX NO

Additional Reading time : 10 Minutes

Use the additional time to read the question paper to select the questions and organize them according to the priority when you answer them.

Part - I

- **Answers all questions**
- **This paper comprises 40 questions**
- **in each of the questions from 1-40 pick one of the alternatives (1) (2) (3) (4) which you consider as correct or most appropriate**
- **Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided**

1. The city which is considered to be the birth place of direct democracy
1) Rome 2) London 3) Sparta 4) Athens
2. The Greek word “Demos” means
1) Rule 2) Democracy 3) Power 4) People
3. In which Indian kingdom evidences of republican government in the 6th B.C were found
1) Vajji 2) Kosalam 3) Mahatham 4) Vathsaya
4. Which answer shows the name of the country, where Two - party system exists
1) China 2) Britain 3) India 4) Cuba
5. “The opportunity for developing one’s personality sans external resistance” this statement shows
1) Rights 2) Equality 3) Freedom 4) Law
6. “Democracy is government of the people by the people and for the people” this statement belongs to
1) Seelar 2) Abraham Lincoln 3) Jin Bodan 4) Aristotle
7. Which is the first nation state in Europe
1) Spain 2) Germany 3) Portugal 4) Italy
8. If a country is ruled according to the strength of Law is called
1) Unitary state 2) Supremacy of law
3) Federal state 4) Dictator ship

9. The problem arising out of implementing Direct democracy at present

- 1) Modern states are found to be nation states
- 2) The land scale of the state is found to be very large
- 3) The needs of the society are able to get them easily
- 4) The States have many political parties

10. What is the name of the power used by the state to execute its activities

- 1) Duty
- 2) Rights
- 3) Authority
- 4) Equality

11. The number of members in the Democratic Socialist Republic Parliament of Sri Lanka is

- 1) 196
- 2) 224
- 3) 198
- 4) 225

12. The state based on the concept of “one state for one nation” is

- 1) Modern state
- 2) Nation state
- 3) Religious state
- 4) Communist state

13. In a democratic society the authority of the people to take action regarding the government

- 1) Autonomous power
- 2) Equality
- 3) Voting rights
- 4) Constitutional authority

14. The implementing body of the laws promulgated by the legislature

- 1) Judiciary
- 2) Executive
- 3) Defense ministry
- 4) The financial ministry

15. A- Financial administration
 B- Promulgation of laws
 C- Protecting the rights of citizens
 D- Safeguarding the constitution

Select the duties of Judiciary from the above answers

- 1) C,D
- 2) A,D
- 3) B,D
- 4) A,B

16. The division of power in the Federal government

- 1) Between the prime minister and Local bodies
- 2) Between the president and central government
- 3) Between the president and Local bodies
- 4) Between the central government and the Local bodies

17. It is a government which paves the way for unity through diversity is

- 1) The unitary government
- 2) The federal government
- 3) The monarchism
- 4) The dictatorship

18. Which municipal council in Sri Lanka was formed by the British in 1866.

1) Kandy 2) Colombo 3) Jaffna 4) Galle

19. The number of Ministers of the provincial council **Except** the chief minister according to the constitution of 1978

1) 4 2) 5 3) 6 4) 7

20. The number of authorities and functions in the 1st list under the concept of powers and functions of provincial council

1) 17 2) 35 3) 36 4) 37

21. The tenure of provincial governor in Sri Lanka is

1) 3 years 2) 4 years 3) 5 years 4) 6 years

22. In the structure of the federal system in Switzerland, a coordinated executive council of seven members are in operation are appointed by

1) National council 2) Council of state
3) Federal board 4) Federal assembly

23. Which is **not** consisted in the power of the central government in United states of America

1) Local government and highways
2) Financial affairs
3) Development of national economy
4) Foreign trade

24. Which is **not** considered the official language in Switzerland

1) Italian 2) French 3) Romansh 4) English

25. The Asian country which built the “Unity in Diversity”

1) India 2) Thailand 3) Singapore 4) Nepal

26. Number of cantons in Switzerland

1) 26 2) 49 3) 50 4) 13

27. The period of Sri Lankan Parliament changed how many years according to the 19th amendment

1) 4 years 2) 5 years 3) 4 ½ years 4) 6 years

28. Total number of Local government institutions in Sri Lanka (as at 01.05.2017)

1) 271 2) 365 3) 335 4) 312

29. Select the federal States from the following answers

1) India ,United states of America 2) Sri Lanka, France
3) Australia , France 4) Switzerland, United Kingdom

30. The special feature of Presidential government

- 1) The executive is elected by the legislature
- 2) The legislature does not control the executive directly
- 3) The legislative has power to remove the executive
- 4) A direct relationship exists between the executive and legislative

31. According to the (census of 2012chart), the population of Sri Lanka in the religious basis 7.4% are

- 1) Christians
- 2) Hindus
- 3) Islamic
- 4) Buddhist

32. In the following countries the country which does **not** have multi-cultural society

- 1) India
- 2) United states of America
- 3) Nepal
- 4) Sri Lanka

33. Which is **not** a feature of culture

- 1) Ethics
- 2) beliefs
- 3) Languages
- 4) conflicts

34. Which is the **harmful** factor to the function for the wellbeing of a multicultural society

- 1) Act without religious and racial difference
- 2) Respecting and tolerance of others views
- 3) Learning and using the language of other ethnic groups
- 4) Act without equality

35. “Acting independently when taking decisions and conclusions “ this feature belongs to which facts of good governance

- 1) social
- 2) Economics
3. Political
4. Culture

36. Which invasion factor that influenced Sri Lanka for the existence of a multicultural society

- 1) Arrival of Vijaya and his retinue
- 2) The Sena-Guttika invasion
- 3) Arrival of Panduwasdeva and retinue
- 4) Arrival of bhadda kachchayana and retinue

37. The factor that influenced Sri Lanka For The existence of multicultural society ,those who **not** come under the category of arrival of various nations for trade

- 1) Chinese
- 2) Indians
- 3) Arabs
- 4) France

38. The country which has **not** accepted any religion as the state religion

- 1) Sri Lanka
- 2) United States of America
- 3) Pakistan
- 4) Bangladesh

39. In which year the age limit for the universal franchise was decreased to 18 from 21

- 1) 1958
- 2) 1959
- 3) 1956
- 4) 1957

40. Which Local government body that was established by the law act no 61 of 1939

- 1) Municipal council
- 2) Divisional council
- 3) Urban council
- 4) Village council

(1× 40 = 40 Marks)

CIVIC EDUCATION - II

- **First Question is compulsory**
- **Write answer first question and other four questions all together five questions**

Part I**01.**

- Give **two** benefits of adherence to the constitution in a democratic country
- Give **two** good features of a competitive party system
- Give **two** features of a free and fair election
- mention **two** powers and functions of Mayor / Chairman
- Mention **two** provinces that has consist only three districts in Srilanka
- Mention **two** advantages of a unitary government
- Mention **two** location based factors that influenced Sri Lanka for the existence of a multicultural society
- Mention **two** basic features of a multi cultural society
- Mention **two** features of a parliamentary Government
- Mention **two** responsibilities of the free media in a democratic country

(2x10=20 marks)

02.

- Mention **two** basic characteristics evident in a state (2 marks)
- Mention **three** features that illustrate the supremacy of law (3 marks)
 - Give **three** reasons behind the origin of nation state (3 marks)
 - Mention **two** political thinkers who were the reason for strengthened the nation state (2 marks)

03.

- Mention **two** main criteria those are taken according to the constitution of Sri Lanka polling divisions are divided by the Demarcation Commission (2marks)
- Give **three** benefits of electing representatives based on the polling divisions (3 marks)
- Mention **three** role of the opposition to make a democratic rule a success and explain **one** of them. (5 marks)

04.

- Mention **two** responsibilities of the citizen in a democratic society (2marks)
- Mention **three** responsibilities towards the citizen (3marks)
- Mention **three** factors required for the success of democratic governance and explain **one** of them (5marks)

05.

- i. Mention **two** countries those are following unitary Government system (2marks)
- ii. Mention **three** characteristics of a federal state (3marks)
- iii. Mention **two** salient features and three unwholesome features of a federal government (5marks)

06.

- i. Draw a diagram of the organizational structure of a provincial council (2marks)
- ii. Give **three** powers and functions of the chief minister and the board of minister of the provincial council (3marks)
- iii. Write **three** powers that can be equally exercised by both central government and provincial council are classified in to list 111 and explain **one** of them (5marks)

07.

- i. Give **two** factors that influenced the born of good governance (2marks)
- ii. Mention **three** characteristics a citizen should inculcate for the wellbeing of a multicultural society (3 marks)
- iii. Mention **three** paying attentions of importance in respecting identities for good Governance that should follow by the citizen and explain **one** of them. (5marks)

PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION–NORTHERN PROVINCE



SECOND TERM EXAMINATION-2019



CIVIC EDUCATION - I,II

GRADE - 10

MARKING SCHEME

ANSWERS

Part 1

1. (4)	11. (4)	21. (3)	31. (1)
2. (4)	12. (2)	22. (4)	32. (3)
3. (1)	13. (1)	23. (1)	33. (4)
4. (2)	14. (2)	24. (4)	34. (4)
5. (3)	15. (1)	25. (3)	35. (3)
6. (2)	16. (4)	26. (1)	36. (2)
7. (1)	17. (2)	27. (3)	37. (4)
8. (2)	18. (1)	28. (3)	38. (2)
9. (2)	19. (1)	29. (1)	39. (1)
10. (3)	20. (4)	30. (2)	40. (3)

Education

கல்வி

அடியாளத்து

(40x1=40 marks)

01.

i.

- Ensures the regularity and the consistency of the administration
- Awareness of people's rights by both the rulers and subjects
- Possibility of preventing rules being arbitrary
- Protection of the sovereignty of the judiciary
- Protection of fundamental rights
- Equal treatment under law for every one
- Fulfillment of necessities and aspirations of the people from government institutions

(If they mention any two 2 marks)

ii.

- Wide opportunity for representing public opinion
- Prevention of autocracy
- Correction of the unhealthy policies of a government through criticism
- Provision of the opportunity to represent the diversity that exists in society
- Creation of unity out of diversity

(If they mention any two give 2 marks)

iii.

- Holding election in due course
- All the eligible citizens must be assured of his vote / candidacy in a free and fair manner
- Confirmation of the right to participate in a free and fair election
- Holding election in line with the election laws
- Holding elections in peaceful surroundings

(If they mention any two give 2marks)

iv.

- Formulation of budget and plans as well as obtaining approval from the council
- Act as the executive officer of Urban Council,
- Summon Preside and postpone the council
- Formulation of development plans relevant to their territorial limits
- Providing public utility services
- Co-ordination with Central Government and the Provincial Council

(if they mention any two give 2marks)

v. Western Province, Central Province
Southern Province, Eastern Province

(if they mention any two give 2marks)

vi.

- The ability of taking quick decisions easily by the government
- Government and the judiciary is common to the whole state
- Inconsistencies between bodies which exercise power such as Central Government and State Government are less due to the absence of such bodies

(if they mention any two give 2 marks)

vii.

- Geographical location
- Centralized location in the Indian Ocean
- Located close to India
- Located as an East-West trade Centre

(if they mention any two give 2 marks)

viii.

- Coexistence of different ethnic groups, different religious beliefs, individuals speaking different language
- Visibility of regional diversity even in each social groups
- The attempt made by groups of people belonging to each culture to congregate forming multi cultural societies
- The existence of a system and manners ethics and values unique to each culture because of the diversity above
- Due to globalization advancement of communication technology and tourism the world has become a global village accelerating the cultural integrity

(if they mention any two give 2 marks)

ix.

- It consists of two types i.e nominal executive and the real executive
- The executive is elected by the legislature
- A direct relationship exists between the executive and the legislative
- The executive is collectively accountable to the parliament
- The legislature has power to remove the executive

(if they mention two give 2marks)

x.

- Presenting true and correct information to the public
- Presenting unbiased information for the benefit of the people
- Making the government aware of the grievances of the people
- Ensuring that the rulers followed the path of democracy
- Improving the knowledge of the people
- Providing the latest information on time

(if they mention any two give 2marks)

02.

i. Land, Population, Government, Autonomous power (if they mention any two give 2marks)

ii.

- Everybody respecting the law being obedient to the law and not superseding it
- Punishing the offenders under the existing law
- Arresting individuals only on the basis of an indictment
- Equality before law
- Everybody receiving the protection of law in absolute fairness (if they mention any three give 3 marks)

iii.

a.

- protestant reformation
- The Great revolution
- The rise of capitalist economy with the collapse of the feudal system
- Development of scientific knowledge (if they mention three give 3 marks)

b. Nicolo Machiaveli, Jin Bodan and Thomas Hobbs (if they mention any two give 2marks)

03.

i. The Land, population (if mention two (2 marks)

ii.

- Opportunity for electing representatives to represent public opinion irrespective of differences that exist in the society like community, religion, language ,or caste
- Provision of the opportunity to generate leaders necessary to maintain the political process
- Provision of the opportunity to the people to elect a representative responsible for the division
- Providing an opportunity for regional development (if they mention any three give 3 marks)

iii.

- Assist the government in their good work
- Direct the government in the proper direction by way of investigation and constructive criticism
- Oppose the government in anti-democratic policies and actions
- Act to establish a better alternative government (If they mention three and explain one of them give 5 marks)

04.

i.

- Legal duties
- Moral duties if mention two (2 marks)

ii.

- Protection of law and order
- Safeguarding the principles of equality
- Conforming to the constitution
- Protecting the fairness of the law
- Ensuring equal distribution of the national wealth
- Ensuring transparency in financial control
- Providing social security and welfare
- Protecting and safeguarding the environment

(if they mention any three give 3 marks)

iii.

- Free and fair election
- Existence of the supremacy of the law
- Sovereignty of the Judiciary
- Existence of people with political intelligence
- Existence of sound economic standards
- Availability of free and unbiased media

(if they mention three and briefly explain one of them give 5 marks)

05.

i. Srilanka, Britain, France

(If They mention any other unitary government countries give marks) (if they mention any two give 2 marks)

ii.

- There is a written constitution
- Insertion of powers of federal states as well as Central Government clearly in the constitution
- Assignment of power of interpretation to the constitution
(e.g Federal jurisdiction of the United State of America)
- Establishment of an upper house of representatives (Senate)
(e.g. Senate of United State of America)

(if they mention any three give 3 marks)

iii.

Salient features

- Building a common nationality respecting ethnic diversity in a multi ethnic community
- Facilitates administrative in countries with a large land mass
- Facilities prevention of a state becoming dictatorial as a result of the force and influence brought upon the Central Government by the regional government
- Strengthening of the framework of democracy

(if they mention two give 2 marks)

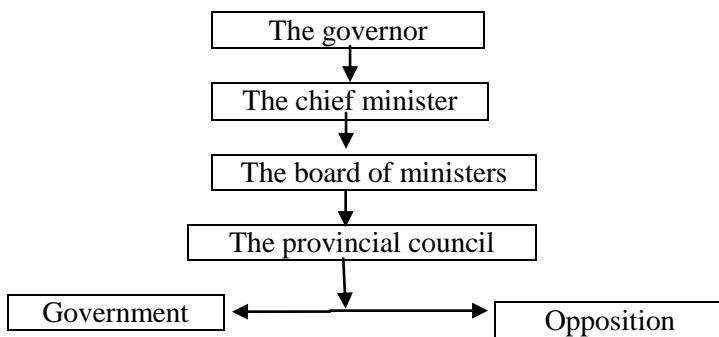
Un wholesome features

- The dissatisfaction among the State Governments about the powers given under decentralization
- The trend of states attempting to be separated themselves from the Central Government
- The collapse of administration as a result of inconsistencies in decision making between the Central Government and the State Government
- Delay in constitution Government - mating process due to the presence of a second legislature
- Scarcity of efficient officers resulting failures in administration of states

(if they mention any three give 3 marks)

06.

i.



(give 2 marks)

ii.

- Render advice to the governor in the exercise of his functions
- Preparation of the provincial budget
- Drafting and execution of economic development and administrative plans of the province.

(if they mention three, give 3 marks)

iii.

- Planning
- National housing and construction
- Social services and rehabilitation
- Agriculture and Agrarian Service

(If they mention three and explain one to them give 5 marks)

07

i.

- Collapse of social justice
- lethargy in the economic development

(if mention two give 2 marks)

ii.

- understanding the actions in cultures of each other, acting consciously and respecting each other
- Avoiding insulting other Religions
- Respecting other culture
- Acting so as to avoid conflicts
- Developing mutuality
- understanding that acting in co operation facilitates achievement of victory
- learning and using the language other ethnic groups
- implementation of multi – religious programs
- Equality
- Respecting and tolerance of other views

(if they mention any three, give 3 marks)

iii. Political, Economic, Social and cultural

(if they mention three explain one of them 5 marks)