



PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - NORTHERN PROVINCE

SECOND TERM EXAMINATION-2018



CIVIC EDUCATION.

INDEX NO.....

Grade 10

Time 3 hours

- Answer all questions
- Select the most appropriate answer from the answers (1),(2),(3),(4).
- Mark (x) in the box relevant to each question in the provided paper.

**Part 1**

01. “Democracy provides rights for everybody as a tool of governance “ who said this statement.  
1. Garner      2. Abraham Lincoln      3. Sealer      4. Laski
02. The country ,Which consist single party system  
1. Sri Lanka      2. Britain      3. United State of America      4. Cuba
03. According to the constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, polling Divisions are divided by  
1. Electoral department      2. Demarcation Commission  
3. District secretariat      4. Department for Registration of persons
04. “ In simple terms freedom is the opportunity for developing one’s personality sans External resistance” who said this?  
1. G.D.H. Cole      2. J. Laski      3. Ivor Jennings      4. Garner
05. The political thinker who was the reason for strengthened the Nation state  
1. Professor Garner      2. Thomas Hobbs  
3. C.F Strong      4. A.V Dicey
06. The state is a system of government with two tiers of governments  
1. Unitary      2. Democratic rule      3. Cruel rule      4. Federal
07. The universal declaration of human rights was proclaimed by the United Nation General Assembly on.  
1. 1958 December 10th      2. 1968 November 10th  
3. 1948 December 10th      4. 1947 December 10<sup>th</sup>
08. Number of electoral districts in Sri Lanka is  
1. 25      2. 14      3. 22      4. 21
09. The state in which an individual is allowed to fulfill political, economic, social needs can be Called  
1. Rights      2. Freedom      3. Democracy      4. Voting rights

10. The basic law of a country is the  
 1. common law 2. Criminal law 3. Civil law 4. Constitutional law

11. “The state is an organization established by the people to live happily and honorably” this statement belongs to  
 1. Aristotle 2. J. Laski 3. Ivor Jennings 4. Garner

12. In Britain, the nominal executive is  
 1. President 2. Prime minister 3. The king 4. The speaker

13. The opportunity for the government to obtain the participation of the people in Administrative functions in the democratic society is  
 1. Voting power 2. Very higher power 3. Autonomous power 4. Constitutional power

14. First national states commenced in Europe are  
 1. Spain, Italy 2. England, France 3. England, Germany 4. Holland ,Portuguese

15. The assignment of the executive powers vested in the central government to local government bodies is considered as  
 1. Devolution of power 2. Decentralization  
 3 .Establishment of power 4. Federal system

16. If the authorized power has been agglomerated in one central authorized institute however It is called  
 1. Unitary state 2. Democratic rule 3. Cruel rule 4. Federal rule

17. In India federal states are called by  
 1. District 2. Province 3. States 4. Municipal council

18. The manner in which decentralization of power had taken place during the British rule can be identified by the act on municipal councils in  
 1. 1866 2. 1871 3. 1815 4. 1865

19. In Sri Lanka the appointment of the governor is done by the  
 1. Attorney general 2. Prime minister  
 3. President 4. Chief minister

20. At present how many states in united states of America .  
 1. 13 2. 18 3. 55 4. 50

21. The provincial council should consist of a chief minister and a board of ministers are  
 1. 4 2. 3 3. 5 4. 6

22. Federal system in Switzerland if a problem occurred in the execution of power , who has the Power to settle it.  
 1. National council 2. Federal assembly  
 3. Federal board 4. Canton court

23. Devolution of power of the central government, according to the federal constitution of the United states of America are

1. Imposition of taxes and foreign trade
2. Education and Health
3. Local government and highways
4. Housing and construction

24. The state based on the concept of one state for one nation is

1. The state of Tribe
2. Provincial government
3. Central government
4. Nation state

25. In Sri Lanka which province consist more districts

1. Central province
2. Northern province
3. Southern province
4. Eastern province

26. The kingdom of India in the sixth century B.C the rule of Arian tribes can be seen in

1. Vajji
2. Kosala
3. Avanthi
4. Mahadha

27. Power that can be equally exercised by both central government and provincial Council in Sri Lanka are denoted

1. denoted into list 1
2. Denoted into list 111
3. denoted into list 11
4. All the above answers

28. Which Is not the authority originated by decentralization of power in 1987

1. Municipal council
2. Divisional council
3. Village council
4. Urban council

29. It is a process of deciding government policies and implementing them

1. cruel government
2. Federal rule
3. good governance
4. Unitary rule

30. “Culture is the collective name that can be given to all behavior patterns required socially, By means of symbols or inheritance” who said this

1. T.B. Tyler
2. A. Elwood
3. E.T Healer
4. Garner

31. The country which has not consists multicultural society

1. Sri Lanka
2. India
3. Switzerland
4. Israel

32. The migration factor that influenced Sri Lanka for the existence of a multicultural society is

1. Arrival of Panduwasdeva and retinue
2. Arrival of Sena- Guttika
3. The invasion by Pandu-parinda and retinue
4. The Kalinka Maaha’s invitation

33. Powers of cantons in Switzerland

1. foreign affairs
2. Education and higher education
3. communication post and telecommunication
4. Defense and military affairs

34. Head of the Divisional Council is

1. Mayor
2. Secretary
3. Chief minister
4. Chairman

35. The feudal system existed in Europe

1. 10<sup>th</sup> century A.D up to 15<sup>th</sup> century A.D
2. 5<sup>th</sup> century A.D up to 15<sup>th</sup> century A.D
3. After 15<sup>th</sup> century A.D
4. 15<sup>th</sup> century A.D up to 20<sup>th</sup> century A.D

36. The revolution that took place in 1688 A.D

1. French revolution
2. Russian revolution
3. English revolution
4. Chinese revolution

37. The mother land of modern democracy is

1. Greek
2. England
3. India
4. France

38. Main basic characteristics evident in a state are

1. Population, Legislature
2. Government, Autonomous power
3. Land, Judiciary
4. Judiciary, Legislature

39. The agent which converts the wish of the state or the people into policies and implements them

1. state
2. President
3. Prime minister
4. The government

40. The constitution which provide universal Franchise in Sri Lanka

1. Cole Brooke
2. Donoughmore
3. Soulbury
4. 1<sup>st</sup> republic constitution

### Part 11

- Question 1 is compulsory. Answer 1<sup>st</sup> question and any four questions .**

- (I) Mention two groups , who were not allowed to participate in governance in Greek.
- (II) Mention two types of democratic governance.
- (III) Mention two categorized of state.
- (IV) Mention two main responsibilities of the citizen.
- (V) Give the definition for unitary state.
- (VI) Mention two qualities, a federal states should possess for it effective existence.
- (VII) Mention two main categories of a good governance.
- (VIII) Mention two features that illustrate the supremacy of law.
- (IX) Mention two institutions that consists of the government .
- (X) Mention two characteristics , that a citizen should inculcate for the wellbeing of a multicultural society.

(10x2=20 marks)

02. (I) Write two problems arising out of implementing direct democracy at present.  
(II) Write three features of a free and fair election.  
(III) Write three features of democratic government, and briefly explain one of them.  
(2+3+5=10 marks)

03. (I) Mention two nature of the state.  
(II) Mention three main features of a nation state .  
(III) Mention three reasons behind the origin of nation states and explain one of them  
(2+3+5=10 marks)

04. (I) Mention two features of a parliamentary government .  
(II) Mention three special features of the presidential government.  
(III) Mention three factors required for the success of democratic governance and Explain one of them  
(2+3+5=10 marks)

05. (I) Mention two common characteristics of a Unitary state .  
(II) Mention three benefits of a federal government.  
(III) Mention three attempts to decentralize power after independence and explain one Of them.  
(2+3+5=10 marks)

06. (I) Mention two institutions of organizational structure of a provincial council.  
(II) Mention three powers and functions of governor of the province.  
(III) The powers have been classified into three lists according to the 13<sup>th</sup> amendment to the 1978 constitution, Give three and explain one of them  
(2+3+5=10 marks)

07. (I) Write two basic features of a multicultural society.  
(II) Write three benefits that gained through the people of a multicultural society Acting cohesively.  
(III) Mention three factors that influenced in Sri Lanka for the existence of a multicultural Society, explain one of them  
(2+3+5=10 marks)