



**PROVINCIAL EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
NORTHERN PROVINCE**



G. C. E O/L - 2nd Term - 2017

CIVIC EDUCATION

Time :- 3.00 Hours

Instruction

- Answer all questions. Total marks for this paper I, is 40
- In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternations (1), (2), (3), (4) which you consider is correct or appropriate.
- Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answers heat.
- Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet follow them cove fully.

- 01) Direct democratic features containing Greek state is
(1) Athens (2) Greet
(3) Corinth (4) Milan
- 02) A republican government in the "vajji" kingdom of India in the sixth century B.C
(1) Malla (2) Kosala
(3) Vajji (4) Kasi අධිසාපන
- 03) The institution demarcated the electoral division in Diacritic socialist Republic of Sri Lanka
(1) Local government institution
(2) Parliament
(3) Demarcation commission
(4) Village council
- 04) "Freedom is the opportunity for developing one's personality sans external resistance" stated by in simple terms.
(1) Hacurred J. Leski (2) G.D.H Cole
(3) Sealer (4) Garner
- 05) The parliamentary government consists of executive are
(1) Prime minister and cabinet
(2) President and cabinet
(3) Prime minister and president
(4) Prime minister, president and cabinet

- 06) A central government is vested the powers to implement the legislative, executive and judicial power is called
- (1) Demo creative rule
 - (2) Liberal rule
 - (3) Federal rule
 - (4) Unitary rule
- 07) The officer who was appointed by British in Sri Lanka at provincial level in 1815
- (1) Governor
 - (2) Officer of resident
 - (3) Amulldhar
 - (4) Gamiga
- 08) Which is established under the 1987 Act No 15
- (1) Village council
 - (2) Gam sanha
 - (3) Provincial council
 - (4) Pradeshiya sanha
- 09) The number of ministers in the provincial council including chief minister according to the 1978 constitution
- (1) Three
 - (2) Four
 - (3) Five
 - (4) Ten
- 10) In which list consist powers of provincial council according to the 13th amenders to the 1978 constitution
- (1) List III
 - (2) List II
 - (3) List I
 - (4) List II, III
- 11) How many subjects of power equally excised by both central government and provincial council
- (1) 30
 - (2) 32
 - (3) 35
 - (4) 36
- 12) Policy making body of the local government is
- (1) Representative council
 - (2) General Assembly
 - (3) Senate council
 - (4) Under council
- 13) The institution is empowered to settle the disputes between the central government and the states over the execution of powers.
- (1) Supreme court
 - (2) Regional court
 - (3) Magistrate court
 - (4) Congress

- 14) Production factors of the economy
(1) Rent, wage, interest, profits
(2) Production, consumption, capital, profit
(3) Land, labour, capital, Entrepreneurship
(4) Rent, Entrepreneurship, Interest, Labour
- 15) Which economic system is mostly owned by private sector
(1) Mixed economic system
(2) Socialist economic system
(3) Market economic system
(4) Capitalist economic system
- 16) The economic policy is followed from 1977
(1) Closed economic policy
(2) Market economic policy
(3) Open economic policy
(4) Export and import economic policy
- 17) The trade agreement in the south Asian country is
(1) EU (2) NAFTA (3) BIMST-EC (4) SAPTA
- 18) The triangular struggle conflict modeled is introduced by
(1) Church (2) Joban Galtun
(3) T.B.Teilor (4) A Elwood
- 19) First and twenty second electoral districts are respectively
(1) Colombo, Gampaha
(2) Jaffna, Trincomalle
(3) Colombo, Kekale
(4) Gale, Kaluththura
- 20) One of the conflict resolution that contain democratic action
(1) They accepted the mediator opinions
(2) Listening the voice of individuals
(3) Mediator provide solution for his favorite party
(4) Take decisions without listen both parties
- 21) The supreme low of a country is
(1) Judgment of a count
(2) Criminal low
(3) Views of legal eminent scholars
(4) Constitution

- 22) The committed on protected when Odense committed on international law are
 (1) International criminal law, International court
 (2) International High court
 (3) District cord, International criminal court
 (4) High cord, Supreme court
- 23) The court was set up in 1929 for the first time to solve Muslims marriages and divorces
 (1) Appeal court
 (2) Quiz court
 (3) Magistrate's court
 (4) High court
- 24) Head of the supreme court is
 (1) Justice (2) Prime minister
 (3) President (4) Chief justice
- 25) A – Commercial juries diction
 B – An offence committed by a Sri Lankan abroad
 C – Jurisdiction in election petitions
 D – An offence committed on sea
 E – Statutes committed on sea
 Statutes made by provincial council
 Only high court jurisdictions are
 (1) A and B (2) B and E
 (3) B and D (4) C and A
- 26) Three main offices that occupy the top most place on judicial affairs in Sri Lanka
 (1) Chief justice, Attorney General, President
 (2) Prime minister, President, Attorney General
 (3) Prime minister, President, Minister offusfice
 (4) Minister of justice, Chief justice, Atone general
- 27) Who appointed the officered of parliamentary affairs
 (1) Prime minister (2) President
 (3) Chief justice (4) Attorney General
- 28) How many members are appointed for establish ACT Number 2 of 1996. Human right commission
 (1) 12 (2) 15 (3) 20 (4) 25

- 29) Administrative units functioned during the British period
- (1) Uththara pasa, korala Pashchima passa
 - (2) Disava, Korala, Patthu
 - (3) Rajarata, Magaratta, Malaya rata
 - (4) Disava, Patthu, Rajarata
- 30) Districts include in the southern province
- (1) Galle, Matra, Hambantota
 - (2) Galle, Kandy, Matale
 - (3) Puttalam, kegole, Kaluthtura
 - (4) Galle, Kaluththura, Matara
- 31) Which constitution included Article 29 for protect the rights of minorities
- (1) Cole broke
 - (2) Dhonoughmore
 - (3) Sol bury
 - (4) 1978 2nd republican
- 32) The international convention which is eliminate all forms of discrimination against women adopted by U.N.O
- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| (1) CEDAW | (2) ICESCR |
| (3) ICCPR | (4) CEDAAW |
- 33) Child line Sri Lanka which is safeguard the child rights and give advices
- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (1) 1938 | (2) 1955 |
| (3) 1911 | (4) 1929 |
- 34) The main law governing the environmental protection of Sri Lanka
- (1) Act of 1980 National Environmental law
 - (2) Act of 1980 sea protection law
 - (3) Act of 1900 wild life protection law
 - (4) Act of 1982 oceanic environmental protection
- 35) The third chapter of the Democratic socialist Republic of Sri Lanka constitution contains Article 10 to 14 is
- (1) Environmental protection
 - (2) Fundamental rights
 - (3) Disable rights
 - (4) Child rights

- 36) In which place garbage mountain collapses in Sri Lanka
 (1) Arana gala (2) Halthumula
 (3) Meethotamulla (4) Tankala
- 37) Even though 99.9% of the atmosphere is composed gases are
 (1) Nitrogen, Methane, Carbondeoxide
 (2) Nitrogen, Oxygen, Organ
 (3) Argon, Methane, Carbondeoxide
 (4) Carbondeoxide, Nitrogen Oxide, Argon
- 38) Indigenous people in Sri Lanka
 (1) Veddas (2) Redindians
 (3) Burgers (4) Bickmees
- 39) Which organization introduced the indigenous and Tribal people's convention for protection of rights of indigenous and tribal people
 (1) U.N.O
 (2) W.H.O
 (3) World environmental club
 (4) World labour organization

40) Column I contain constitutional reforms column I contain changes.

Column I

Column II

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Donoughmoore constitution | A – Executive presidential system |
| 2. 1972 1 st Republican constitution | B – Regional representative system |
| 3. 1978 2 nd Republican constitution | C – Nominal executive
D – Legislative council |

Correct answer of column I match with column II respectively

- (1) ABD (2) BAC (3) BCA (4) DBA



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II

- **First question is comprises**
- **Answer first and other four question altogether five questions.**

- 01) (i) Name two persons who stated about democratic definition.
(ii) Mention two election methods which are elected people representative in Sri Lanka.
(iii) Give two main criteria which are using polling divisions in Democratic socialist republic of Sri Lanka.
(iv) Mention two councils which in the federal assembly in Switzerland.
(v) Mention two millennium development Target of united Nations organization.
(vi) Write two laws dispense with international law.
(vii) Give two special laws functions except of common laws of Sri Lanka.
(viii) Mention two officers who are helpful in fulfilling powers and function of Attorney General
(ix) Give main two duties performs by ombudsman. The paid was introduced by the constitution of 1978.
(x) Give two damages caused by mining in the lithosphere
- (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

- 02) (i) Give main two governance methods rule from ancient time. (2 Marks)
(ii) Write three challenges arising out implementing direct defeat at present (3 Marks)
(iii) i) Give three advantages of political party system (2 Marks)
ii) Give three advantages of electing representatives based on the polling divisions. (3 Marks)
- 03) (i) Mention 4 reasons behind the origin of nation states at present (2 Marks)
(ii) Mention three factors which are emerge countries like France, Holland and Portugal as strong (3 Marks)
(iii) i) Mention three institutions consist of the government (2 Marks)
ii) Explain one of the institutions above mention briefly (3 Marks)

- 04) (i) Mention four sectors which are used modern technological instruments (2 Marks)
(ii) Give the features of globalizations. (3 Marks)
(iii) Mention three factors which influence on Sri Lankan economy and explain them. (5 Marks)
- 05) (i) Give three basic reason for conflicts (2 Marks)
(ii) Give three features for conflict resolution me the of discussion (3 Marks)
(iii) Write the qualities a citizen should possess in setting disputes (5 Marks)
- 06) (i) Mention two sources that contribute to the derivation of law (2 Marks)
(ii) Mention three judicial courts function in Sri Lanka (3 Marks)
(iii) Explain one of the court above mention (5 Marks)
- 07) (i) Give two important historical events of achievements of human rights. (2 Marks)
(ii) Give examples for civil and political rights, economic, social and cultural rights of human rights. (3 Marks)
(iii) Mention three questions taken by Sri Lanka to safeguard child rights. (5 Marks)





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எங்கள் குறிக்கோள்

எண்ணிம உலகத்தில் மாணவர்களிற்கென சிறந்ததொரு கற்றல் கட்டமைப்பை உருவாக்குதல்.

அனைத்தும் டிஜிட்டல் மயப்படுத்தப்பட்ட இந்த காலத்தில் பல்வேறு துறைகளும் கால ஓட்டத்துடன் இணைந்து டிஜிட்டல் தளத்தில் பல்கிப்பெருகி வருகின்றன. அந்த வகையில் கல்வித்துறையும் இதற்கு விதிவிலக்கல்ல. இணையவழி கல்வியின் மூலம் கல்வித்துறை புதியதொரு பரிமாணத்தை எட்டியுள்ளது. குறிப்பாக கொரோனா பேரிடர் காலத்தில் நாடே முடக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. இதனால் மாணவர்களிற்கும் பாடசாலை, கல்வி நிறுவனங்களிற்கு இடையிலான தொடர்பு துண்டிக்கப்பட்டது. அந்த இக்கட்டான சூழ்நிலையில் இணையவழி வகுப்புகள் மாணவர்களிற்கு வரப்பிரசாதமாக அமைந்தது என்பதே உண்மை.

இன்று தொழில்நுட்பம் மாணவர்களை தவறான பாதைக்கு இட்டு செல்வதாக ஓர் எண்ண ஓட்டம் மக்கள் மத்தியில் உள்ளது. தொழில்நுட்பம் என்பது ஒரு கருவி மட்டுமே அதை எவ்வாறு பயன்படுத்துகிறோம் என்பதில் அதன் ஆக்க மற்றும் அழிவு விளைவுகள் தீர்மானிக்கப்படுகிறது. உளியை கொண்டு சிலையை செதுக்க நினைத்தால் அவன் நிச்சயம் சிற்பி ஆகலாம். இங்கு பிரச்சினையாக காணப்படுவது மாணவர்களை வழிப்படுத்த தொழில்நுட்ப உலகில் ஓர் முறையான கட்டமைப்பு இல்லாமையே. அதை உருவாக்குவதே எங்கள் நோக்கம். அதை நோக்கியே எங்கள் பயணம் அமையும்.

எமது இணையத்தினூடக ஊடக உங்களிற்கு தேவையான பரீட்சை வினாத்தாள்களை இலகுவான முறையில் தரவிறக்கம் செய்து கொள்ளமுடியும்.

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கல்வி சார் செய்திகளை உடனுக்குடன் அறிந்து கொள்ள எமது சமூக ஊடக தளங்களின் ஊடக உடனுக்குடன் அறிந்து கொள்ள முடியும்.

